2011年普通高等学校招生全国统一考试

英　语

本试卷分第一卷（选择题）和第二卷（非选择题）两部分。考试结束后，将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。

第一卷

注意事项：

1. 答第一卷前，考生务必将自己的姓名、准考证号填写在本试卷和答题卡相应位置上。

2. 选出每小题答案后，用铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动，用橡皮擦干净后，再选涂其他答案标号。不能答在本试卷上，否则无效。

第一部分　听力（共两节，满分30分）

做题时，先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后，你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

第一节　（共5小题；每小题1.5分，满分7.5分）

听下面5段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后，你都有10秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

例：How much is the shirt?

A. £19.15.　　B. £9.15.　　C. £9.18.

答案是B。

1. What does the man like about the play?

A. The story.　　B. The ending.　　C. The actor.

2. Which place are the speakers trying to find?

A. A hotel.　　B. A bank.　　C. A restaurant.

3. At what time will the two speakers meet?

A. 5:20.　　B. 5:10.　　C. 4:40.

4. What will the man do?

A. Change the plan.　　B. Wait for a phone call.　　C. Sort things out.

5. What does the woman want to do?

A. See a film with the man.　　B. Offer the man some help　　C. Listen to some great music.

第二节　（共 15 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 22.5 分）

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有几个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题 5 秒钟；听完后，各小题给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话读两遍。

听第 6 段材料，回答第 6、7 题。

6. Where is Ben?

A. In the kitchen.　　B. At school.　　C. In the park.

7. What will the children do in the afternoon?

A. Help set the table.　　B. Have a party.　　C. Do their homework.

听第 7 段材料，回答第 8、9 题。

8. What are the two speakers talking about?

A. A family holiday.　　B. A business trip.　　C. A travel plan.

9. Where did Rachel go?

A. Spain.　　B. Italy.　　C. China.

听第 8 段材料，回答第 10 至 12 题。

10. How did the woman get to know about third-hand smoke?

A. From young smokers.　　B. From a newspaper article.　　C. From some smoking parents.

11. Why does the man say that he should keep away from babies?

A. He has just become a father.　　B. He wears dirty clothes.　　C. He is a smoker.

12. What does the woman suggest smoking parents should do?

A. Stop smoking altogether.　　B. Smoke only outside their houses.

C. Reduce dangerous matter in cigarettes.

听第 9 段材料，回答第 13 至 16 题。

13. Where does Michelle Ray come from?

A. A middle-sized city.　　B. A small town.　　C. A big city.

14. Which place would Michelle Ray take her visitors to for shopping?

A. The Zen Garden.　　B. The Highlands.　　C. The Red River area.

15. What does Michelle Ray do for complete quiet?

A. Go camping.　　B. Study in a library.　　C. Read at home.

16. What are the speakers talking about in general?

A. Late-night shopping.　　B. Asian food.　　C. Louisville.

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听第 10 段材料，回答第 17 至 20 题。

17. Why do some people say they never have dreams according to Dr Garfield?

A. They forget about their dreams.　　B. They don't want to tell the truth.

C. They have no bad experiences.

18. Why did Davis stop having dreams?

A. He got a serious heart attack.　　B. He was too sad about his brother's death.

C. He was frightened by a terrible dream.

19. What is Dr Garfield's opinion about dreaming?

A. It is very useful.　　B. It makes things worse.

C. It prevents the mind from working.

20. Why do some people turn off their dreams completely?

A. To sleep better.　　B. To recover from illnesses.

C. To stay away from their problems.

第二部分　英语知识运用（共两节，满分 45 分）

第一节　单项填空（共 15 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 15 分）

从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

例：It is generally considered unwise to give a child _____ he or she wants.

A. however　　B. whatever　　C. whichever　　D. whenever

答案是 B。

21. — We could invite John and Barbara to the Friday night party.

— Yes, _____? I'll give them a call right now.

A. why not　　B. what for　　C. why　　D. what

22. Try _____ she might, Sue couldn't get the door open.

A. if　　B. when　　C. since　　D. as

23. Planning so far ahead _____ no sense – so many things will have changed by next year.

A. made　　B. is making　　C. makes　　D. has made

24. I wasn't sure if he was really interested or if he _____ polite.

A. was just being　　B. will just be　　C. had just been　　D. would just be

25. — Someone wants you on the phone.

— _____ nobody knows I am here.

A. Although　　B. And　　C. But　　D. So

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26. I can _____ the house being untidy, but I hate it if it's not clean.

A. come up with　　B. put up with　　C. turn to　　D. stick to

27. The next thing he saw was smoke _____ from behind the house.

A. rose　　B. rising　　C. to rise　　D. risen

28. Only when he reached the tea-house _____ it was the same place he'd been in last year.

A. he realized　　B. he did realize　　C. realized he　　D. did he realize

29. When Alice came to, she did not know how long she _____ there.

A. had been lying　　B. has been lying　　C. was lying　　D. has lain

30. The form cannot be signed by anyone _____ yourself.

A. rather than　　B. other than　　C. more than　　D. better than

31. The prize will go to the writer _____ story shows the most imagination.

A. that　　B. which　　C. whose　　D. what

32. They _____ have arrived at lunchtime but their flight was delayed.

A. will　　B. can　　C. must　　D. should

33. It is generally accepted that _____ boy must learn to stand up and fight like _____ man.

A. a; a　　B. a; the　　C. the; the　　D. a; 不填

34. William found it increasingly difficult to read, for his eyesight was beginning to _____.

A. disappear　　B. fall　　C. fail　　D. damage

35. — Artistic people can be very difficult sometimes.

— Well, you married one. _____.

A. You name it　　B. I've got it　　C. I can't agree more　　D. You should know

第二节　完形填空（共 20 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 30 分）

阅读下面短文，从短文后各题所给的四个选项（A、B、C 和 D）中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

In our discussion with people on how education can help them succeed in life, a woman remembered the first meeting of an introductory __36__ course about 20 years ago.

The professor __37__ the lecture hall, placed upon his desk a large jar filled with dried beans (豆), and invited the students to __38__ how many beans the jar contained. After __39__ shouts of wildly wrong guesses the professor smiled a thin, dry smile, announced the __40__ answer, and went on saying, "You have just __41__ an important lesson about science. That is: Never __42__ your own senses."

Twenty years later, the __43__ could guess what the professor had in mind. He __44__ himself, perhaps, as inviting his students to start an exciting __45__ into an unknown world

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invisible (无形的) to the __46__, which can be discovered only through scientific __47__. But the seventeen-year-old girl could not accept or even __48__ the invitation. She was just __49__ to understand the world. And she __50__ that her firsthand experience could be the __51__. The professor, however, said that it was __52__. He was taking away her only __53__ for knowing and was providing her with no substitute. "I remember feeling small and __54__," the woman says, "and I did the only thing I could do. I __55__ the course that afternoon, and I haven't gone near science since."

36. A. art	B. history	C. science	D. math
37. A. searched for	B. looked at	C. got through	D. marched into
38. A. count	B. guess	C. report	D. watch
39. A. warning	B. giving	C. turning away	D. listening to
40. A. ready	B. possible	C. correct	D. difficult
41. A. learned	B. prepared	C. taught	D. taken
42. A. lose	B. trust	C. sharpen	D. show
43. A. lecturer	B. scientist	C. speaker	D. woman
44. A. described	B. respected	C. saw	D. served
45. A. voyage	B. movement	C. change	D. rush
46. A. professor	B. eye	C. knowledge	D. light
47. A. model	B. senses	C. spirit	D. methods
48. A. hear	B. make	C. present	D. refuse
49. A. suggesting	B. beginning	C. pretending	D. waiting
50. A. believed	B. doubted	C. proved	D. explained
51. A. growth	B. strength	C. faith	D. truth
52. A. firm	B. interesting	C. wrong	D. acceptable
53. A. task	B. tool	C. success	D. connection
54. A. cruel	B. proud	C. frightened	D. brave
55. A. dropped	B. started	C. passed	D. missed

第三部分　阅读理解（共两节，满分 40 分）

第一节（共 15 小题；每小题 2 分，满分 30 分）

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的四个选项（A、B、C 和 D）中，选出最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

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A

When milk arrived on the doorstep

When I was a boy growing up in New Jersey in the 1960s, we had a milkman delivering milk to our doorstep. His name was Mr. Basille. He wore a white cap and drove a white truck. As a 5-year-old boy, I couldn't take my eyes off the coin changer fixed to his belt. He noticed this one day during a delivery and gave me a quarter out of his coin changer.

Of course, he delivered more than milk. There was cheese, eggs and so on. If we needed to change our order, my mother would pen a note – "Please add a bottle of buttermilk next delivery" – and place it in the box along with the empty bottles. And then, the buttermilk would magically appear.

All of this was about more than convenience. There existed a close relationship between families and their milkmen. Mr. Basille even had a key to our house, for those times when it was so cold outside that we put the box indoors, so that the milk wouldn't freeze. And I remember Mr. Basille from time to time taking a break at our kitchen table, having a cup of tea and telling stories about his delivery.

There is sadly no home milk delivery today. Big companies allowed the production of cheaper milk, thus making it difficult for milkmen to compete. Besides, milk is for sale everywhere, and it may just not have been practical to have a delivery service.

Recently, an old milk box in the countryside I saw brought back my childhood memories. I took it home and planted it on the back porch (门廊). Every so often my son's friends will ask what it is. So I start telling stories of my boyhood, and of the milkman who brought us friendship along with his milk.

56. Mr. Basille gave the boy a quarter out of his coin changer _____.

A. to show his magical power　　B. to pay for the delivery　　C. to satisfy his curiosity

D. to please his mother

57. What can be inferred from the fact that the milkman had the key to the boy's house?

A. He wanted to have tea there.　　B. He was a respectable person.

C. He was treated as a family member.　　D. He was fully trusted by the family.

58. Why does home milk delivery no longer exist?

A. Nobody wants to be a milkman now.　　B. It has been driven out of the market.

C. Its service is getting poor.　　D. It is forbidden by law.

59. Why did the author bring back home an old milk box?

A. He missed the good old days.　　B. He wanted to tell interesting stories.

C. He needed it for his milk bottles.　　D. He planted flowers in it.

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B

While small may be beautiful, tall is just plain uncomfortable it seems, particularly when it comes to staying in hotels and eating in restaurants.

The Tall Persons Club Great Britain (TPCGB), which was formed six months ago to campaign for the needs of the tall, has turned its attention to hotels and restaurants. Beds that are too small, shower heads that are too low, and restaurant tables with hardly any leg-room all make life difficult for those of above average height, it says.

But it is not just the extra-tall whose needs are not being met. The average height of the population has been increasing yet the standard size of beds, doorways, and chairs has remained unchanged.

"The bedding industry says a bed should be six inches larger than the person using it, so even a king-size bed at 6'6" (6 feet and 6 inches) is falling short for 25% of men, while the standard 6'3" bed caters for less than half of the male population," said TPCGB president Phil Heinricy, "Seven-foot beds would work fine."

Similarly, restaurant tables can cause no end of problems. Small tables, which mean the long-legged have to sit a foot or so away from them, are enough to make tall customers go elsewhere.

Some have already taken note, however. At Queens Moat Houses' Caledonian Hotel in Edinburgh, 6'6" beds are now put in as standard after requests for longer beds from taller visitors, particularly Americans.

60. What is the purpose of the TPCGB campaign?

A. To provide better services.　　B. To rebuild hotels and restaurants.

C. To draw public attention to the needs of the tall.

D. To attract more people to become its members.

61. Which of the following might be a bed of proper length according to Phil Heinricy?

A. 7'2".　　B. 7'.　　C. 6'6".　　D. 6'3".

62. What may happen to restaurants with small tables?

A. They may lose some customers.　　B. They may start businesses elsewhere.

C. They have to find easy chairs to match the tables.

D. They have to provide enough space for the long-legged.

63. What change has already been made in a hotel in Edinburgh?

A. Tall people pay more for larger beds.　　B. 6'6" beds have taken the place of 6'3" beds.

C. Special rooms are kept for Americans.　　D. Guest rooms are standardized.

C

Cassandra Feeley finds it hard to manage on her husband's income. So this year she did something more than a hobby: She planted vegetables in her yard. For her first garden, Ms. Feeley

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has put in 15 tomato plants, and five rows of a variety of vegetables. The family's old farm house has become a chicken house, its residents arriving next month. Last year, Ms. Rita Gartin kept a small garden. This year she has made it much larger because, she said, "The cost of everything is going up and I was looking to lose a few pounds, too; so it's a win-win situation all around."

They are among the growing number of Americans who, driven by higher living costs and a falling economy (经济), have taken up vegetable gardening for the first time. Others have increased the size of their existing gardens. Seed companies and garden shops say that not since the 1970s has there been such an increase in interest in growing food at home. Now many gardens across the country have been sold out for several months. In Austin, Tex., some of the gardens have a three-year waiting list.

George C. Ball Jr., owner of a company, said sales of vegetable seeds and plants are up by 40% over last year, double the average growth of the last five years. Mr. Ball argues that some of the reasons have been building for the last few years. The big one is the striking rise in the cost of food like bread and milk, together with the increases in the price of fruits and vegetables. Food prices have increased because of higher oil prices. People are now driving less, taking fewer vacations, so there is more time to garden.

64. What does the word "residents" in Paragraph 1 probably refer to?

A. chickens　　B. tomatoes　　C. gardens　　D. people

65. Why is vegetable gardening becoming increasingly popular?

A. More Americans are doing it for fun.　　B. The price of oil is lower than before.

C. There's a growing need for fruits.　　D. The cost of living is on the rise.

66. Which of the following might be the best title for the text?

A. Family Food Planning　　B. Banking on Gardening

C. A Belt-tightening Move　　D. Gardening as a Hobby

D

Wanted, Someone for a Kiss

We're looking for producers to join us on the sound of London Kiss 100 FM. You'll work on the station's music programmes. Music production experience in radio is necessary, along with rich knowledge of modern dance music. Please apply in writing to Producer Vacancies, Kiss 100.

Father Christmas

We're looking for a very special person, preferably over 40, to fill our Father Christmas suit.

Working days: Every Saturday from November 24 to December 15 and every day from December 17 to December 24 except Sundays, 10:30–16:00.

Excellent pay.

Please contact (联系) the Enterprise Shopping Centre, Station Parade, Eastbourne.

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Accountants Assistant

When you join the team in our Revenue Administration Unit, you will be providing assistance within all parts of the Revenue Division, dealing with post and other general duties. If you are educated to GCSE grade C level we would like to talk to you. This position is equally suitable for a school leaver or for somebody who has office experience.

Wealden District Council

Software Trainer

If you are aged 24–45 and have experience in teaching and training, you could be the person we are looking for. You should be good at the computer and have some experience in programme writing. You will be allowed to make your own decisions, and to design courses as well as present them. Pay upwards of £15,000 for the right person. Please apply by sending your CV (简历) to Mrs R. Oglivie, Palmlace Limited.

67. Who should you get in touch with if you hope to work in a radio station?

A. Producer Vacancies, Kiss 100.　　B. Mrs Oglivie, Palmlace Limited.

C. The Enterprise Shopping Centre.　　D. Wealden District Council.

68. We learn from the ads that the Enterprise Shopping Centre needs a person who _____.

A. is aged between 24 and 40　　B. may do some training work

C. should deal with general duties　　D. can work for about a month

69. Which position is open to recent school graduates?

A. Producer, London Kiss.　　B. Father Christmas.

C. Accountants Assistant.　　D. Software Trainer.

70. What kind of person would probably apply to Palmlace Limited?

A. One with GCSE grade C level.　　B. One with some office experience.

C. One having good computer knowledge.　　D. One trained in producing music programmes.

第二节（共 5 小题；每小题 2 分，满分 10 分）

根据短文内容，从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Money Matters

Parents should help their children understand money. ___71___ So you may start talking about money when your child shows an interest in buying things, candy or toys, for example.

1. The basic function of money

Begin explaining the basic function of money by showing how people trade money for goods or services. It is important to show your child how money is traded for the things he wants to have. If he wants to have a toy, give him the money and let him hand the money to the cashier (收银员). ___72___ When your child grows a bit older and understands the basic function of money, you can start explaining more complex ways of using money.

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2. Money lessons

Approach money lessons with openness and honesty. ___73___ If you must say no to a child's request to spend money, explain, "You have enough toy trucks for now." Or, if the request is for many different things, say, "You have to make a choice between this toy and that toy."

3. ___74___

Begin at the grocery store. Pick out two similar brands of a product—a name-brand butter and a generic (无商标产品), for example. You can show your child how to make choices between different brands of a product so that you can save money. ___75___ If he chooses the cheaper brand, allow him to make another purchase with the money saved. Later, you may explain how the more expensive choice leaves less money for other purchases.

A. Wise decisions

B. The value of money

C. Permit the child to choose between them.

D. Tell your child why he can—or cannot—have certain things.

E. Ask yourself what things that cost money are most important to you.

F. Talk about how the money bought the thing after you leave the toy store.

G. The best time to teach a child anything about money is when he shows an interest.

第二卷

注意：将答案写在答题卡上。写在本试卷上无效。

第四部分　写作（共两节，满分 35 分）

第一节　短文改错（共 10 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 10 分）

假定英语课上老师要求同桌之间交换修改作文，请你修改你同桌写的以下作文。文中共有 10 处语言错误，每句中最多有两处。每处错误仅涉及一个单词的增加、删除或修改。

增加：在缺词处加一个漏字符号（∧），并在其下面写出该加的词。

删除：把多余的词用斜线（\）划掉。

修改：在错的词下划一横线，并在该词下面写出修改后的词。

注意：1．每处错误及其修改均仅限一词；

2．只允许修改 10 处，多者（从第 11 处起）不计分。

My summer travel started terribly. I was at the Shanghai Railway Station buy a ticket to Hangzhou. I was going to visit a friend here and after that I would go to Xiamen for long holiday. I bought my ticket but turned around to pick up my bag

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from the floor and then I realized that someone had stolen it. Luckily I had all my money on my pocket, but the only clothes I had was those I had on. It felt very strange to travel without any luggages. When I finally arrived at my friend he lent to me lots of clothes. I feel very happy that I could change my clothes at last.

第二节　书面表达（满分 25 分）

假定你是李华，正在一所英国学校学习暑期课程，遇到一些困难，希望得到学校辅导中心 (Learning Center) 的帮助。根据学校规定，你需书面预约，请按下列要点写一封信：

1．本人简介；　　2．求助内容；　　3．约定时间；

4．你的联系方式 (Email: lihua@1236.com; Phone: 12345678)。

注意：1．词数 100 左右；　　2．可以适当增加细节，以使行文连贯；

3．结束语已为你写好。

****

2011 年普通高等学校招生全国统一考试

英语参考答案

第一、二、三部分：

1. C	2. A	3. B	4. B	5. A	6. C	7. B	8. A	9. C
10. B	11. C	12. A	13. A	14. B	15. C	16. C	17. A	18. B
19. A	20. C	21. A	22. D	23. C	24. A	25. C	26. B	27. B
28. D	29. A	30. B	31. C	32. D	33. A	34. C	35. D	36. C
37. D	38. B	39. D	40. C	41. A	42. B	43. D	44. C	45. A
46. B	47. D	48. A	49. B	50. A	51. D	52. C	53. B	54. C
55. A	56. C	57. D	58. B	59. A	60. C	61. B	62. A	63. B
64. A	65. D	66. B	67. A	68. D	69. C	70. C	71. G	72. F
73. D	74. A	75. C						

第四部分：

第一节：

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felt

第二节：

一、评分原则

1. 本题总分为 25 分，按 5 个档次给分。
2. 评分时，先根据文章的内容和语言初步确定其所属档次，然后以该档次的要求来衡量，确定或调整档次，最后给分。
3. 词数少于 80 和多于 120 的，从总分中减去 2 分。
4. 评分时应注意的主要内容为：内容要点、应用词汇和语法结构的丰富性和准确性及上下文的连贯性。
5. 拼写与标点符号是语言准确性的一个方面。评分时，应视其对交际的影响程度予以考虑。英、美拼写及词汇用法均可接受。
6. 如书写较差以至影响交际，将其分数降低一个档次。

二、内容要点

1. 本人简介：在此学习的学生
2. 求助内容：学习有困难（如记笔记、使用图书馆等）
3. 约定时间：自己没有课的时间
4. 联系方式：Email: lihua@1236.com; Phone: 12345678

三、各档次的给分范围和要求

第五档（21～25 分）

完全完成了试题规定的任务。

— 覆盖所有内容要点。

— 应用了较多的语法结构和词汇。

— 语法结构或词汇方面有些许错误，但为尽力使用较复杂结构或较高级词汇所致。

— 有效地使用了语句间的连接成分，使全文结构紧凑。

完全达到了预期的写作目的。

高考资源网 www.ks5u.com

第四档（16～20 分）

完成了试题规定的任务。

— 虽漏掉一两个次重点，但覆盖所有主要内容。

— 应用的语法结构和词汇能满足任务的要求。

— 语法结构或词汇方面应用基本准确，些许错误主要是因尝试较复杂语法结构或词汇所致。

— 应用简单的语句间连接成分，使全文结构紧凑。

达到了预期的写作目的。

第三档（11～15 分）

基本完成了试题规定的任务。

— 虽漏掉一些内容，但覆盖所有主要内容。

— 应用的语法结构和词汇能满足任务的要求。

— 有一些语法结构或词汇方面的错误，但不影响理解。

— 应用简单的语句间连接成分，使全文内容连贯。

整体而言，基本达到了预期的写作目的。

第二档（6～10 分）

未恰当完成试题规定的任务。

— 漏掉或未描述清楚一些主要内容，写了一些无关内容。

— 语法结构单调，词汇知识有限。

— 有一些语法结构或词汇方面的错误，影响了对写作内容的理解。

— 较少使用语句间的连接成分，内容缺少连贯性。

信息未能清楚地传达给读者。

第一档（1～5 分）

未完成试题规定的任务。

— 明显遗漏主要内容，写了一些无关内容，原因可能是未理解试题要求。

— 语法结构单调，词汇知识有限。

— 较多语法结构或词汇方面的错误，影响对写作内容的理解。

— 缺乏语句间的连接成分，内容不连贯。

信息未能传达给读者。

0 分

未能传达给读者任何信息：内容太少，无法评判；所写内容均与所要求内容无关或所写内容无法看清。

高考资源网 www.ks5u.com

四、说明

1. 内容要点可用不同方式表达。

2. 应紧扣主题，可适当发挥。

五、One Possible Version

Dear Sir/Madam,

I'm Li Hua, a Chinese student taking summer courses in your university. I'm writing to ask for help. I came here last month and found my courses interesting. But I have some difficulties with note-taking and I have no idea of how to use the library. I was told the Learning Center provides help for students and I'm anxious to get help from you. I have no class on Tuesday mornings and Friday afternoons. Please let me know which day is OK with you. You may email or phone me. Here are my email address and phone number: lihua@1236.com; 12345678.

Look forward to your reply.

Yours,

Li Hua