UNIT 9 What does he look like?

课时1 Section A(1a-2d)

一、写出下列形容词的反义词

1. short long/tall　2. curly straight
3. tall short　4. big small
5. old new/young　6. new old
7. busy free　8. difficult easy
9. heavy light　10. cheap expensive
11. good bad　12. thin fat

二、用 be 或 have 的适当形式填空

1. My mother has short hair.
2. He is tall and he has big eyes.
3. She is of medium height, and she has long hair.
4. Tom has a brother. He has short hair and he is strong.
5. The boys are very tall, but the girls are quite short.

三、根据句意及首字母提示写出单词

1. Lucy looks like her sister Lily.
2. Her brother has a medium build.
3. Nancy is only 15 years old, but she is over 120 kilograms (千克). She is too heavy.
4. David is neither tall nor short. He is of medium height.
5. My hair is curly, but hers is straight.
6. There is a boy under the tree. The boy is short, but the tree is tall.

四、单项选择

1. He C of medium height and he ____ curly hair.
A. is; of　B. has; has　C. is; has　D. has; is
【解析】be of medium height 意为"具有中等身材",故第一空应用系动词,构成系表结构;第二空缺谓语,应用 has。

2. His English teacher is D of medium build, and she has ____ short hair.
A. a; a　B. the; the　C. a; /　D. /; /
【解析】be of... 意为"具有……",of 后不用冠词; short hair "短发",hair 是不可数名词,前面不用冠词。

3. — C ?
—He is of medium height.
A. What does he like　B. How does he look like
C. What does he look like　D. How does he like
【解析】What does sb look like? 是对某人的外貌特征进行提问的句型。

4. Tom B his father and his father ____ young.
A. looks like; looks like　B. looks like; looks
C. looks; looks like　D. looks; looks
【解析】句意为"汤姆看起来很像他的父亲,他父亲看起来很年轻"。look like "看起来像"; look "看起来"。根据句意选 B。

五、根据汉语意思完成句子

1. ——格林先生长什么样?
——他中等个头,棕色头发。
— What does Mr Green look like?
—He is of medium height with brown hair.

2. 南希总是穿着红色裙子和黑色的鞋子。
Nancy always wears a red dress and black shoes.

3. 你妹妹长得很标致,但稍微有点不爱说话。
Your sister is good-looking but she's a little bit quiet.

4. 他父亲戴眼镜。
His father wears glasses.

5. 那个人中等身材,短短的头发。
The person is of medium build with short hair.

六、补全对话(每空一词)

A: I 1 a new friend in Class Four. 2 you know her?
B: What does she 3 4 ?
A: She 5 of medium build and has long hair.
B: Is she 6 ?
A: No, she's short.
B: I think I 7 her. She always 8 blue dress and white shoes.
A: Yes, 9 her. 10 name is Wang Lin.

1. have　2. Do　3. look　4. like
5. is　6. tall　7. know　8. wears
9. it's　10. Her

课时笔记

►1. 辨析:high 与 tall

high 和 tall 都有"高"的意思。
(1)high 一般表示物体的高度,形容物体从底部到顶端的距离,它的反义词是 low。例如:
Can you see the high wall? 你能看见那堵高墙吗?
(2) high 还可以作比喻义用,有"高度的;高级的;高等的"的意思,这时不宜用 tall 代替,如 high price (高价), high fever (高烧)等。
(3)tall 一般用于人、树木和动物,它的反义词是 short。例如:
Li Ping is taller than Wei Fang. 李平比魏芳个子高。
(4)tall 与 high 都可用来形容 building, tower(塔)等,但形容 mountain 时,只能用 high。

►2. medium build 的用法

medium build 意为"中等体形"。在句子中常与 be of 连用,构成 be of medium build 的结构。例如:
He is only of medium build. 他仅仅是中等体形。
【拓展】medium build 不与 be of 连用时,可用 have/has medium build 的结构。例如:
My father has a medium build. = My father is of medium build. 我父亲中等体形。

课时 2 Section A(3a-3d)

一、单项选择

1. __A__ he look like?
A. What does B. How does
C. What is D. How is
【解析】What does he look like? 是对外貌提问的常用句型。

2. Lucy has __C__ long hair.
A. a B. an C. / D. many
【解析】hair 是不可数名词,故排除 A、B 和 D 项。

3. Li Mu __B__ very tall.
A. has B. is
C. are D. have
【解析】tall 是形容词,前面应用系动词,构成系表结构,且主语是第三人称单数,故用 is。

4. She always __C__ a red dress.
A. wear B. puts on
C. wears D. in
【解析】wear“穿着”,表示状态。且主语是第三人称单数,故选 C 项。

5. All the children love __D__ games.
A. play B. plays
C. played D. to play
【解析】love to do sth“喜欢做某事”,为固定搭配。

6. —__B__?
—He is tall.
A. How is he B. What does he look like
C. What does he like
【解析】How is he? “他身体如何?”; What does he look like? “他长相如何?”;What does he like? “他喜欢什么?”。故选 B。

7. Do you like playing __D__ chess?
A. a B. an
C. the D. /
【解析】棋类名词前不用冠词。

8. She is good-looking, __A__ she's a little bit quiet.
A. but B. and
C. or D. so
【解析】句意为“她很漂亮,但是有点安静”。but 表示转折;and 表示顺承关系;or 表示“否则,要不然”;so 表示结果。由句意可知选 A。

9. His __C__ is black and short.
A. eye B. ear
C. hair D. nose
【解析】由“黑而短”可知,应选 hair。

10. Cathy is tall __C__ brown hair.
A. has B. and
C. with D. have
【解析】with“具有”,表示伴随状况,符合题意。

二、用所给单词的适当形式填空

1. Lily is of medium __height__ (high).
2. We all think Song Zuying is a good __singer__ (sing).
3. Mr Wang is very tired, but he doesn't stop __working__ (work).
4. My Chinese teacher loves __telling__ (tell) jokes.
5. My brother always wears __glasses__ (glass).

三、翻译句子

1. ——你的朋友长什么样?
——她中等身材,卷头发。
—What does your friend look like?
—She is of medium build and she has curly hair.

2. ——你妹妹长什么样?
——她很高,很瘦,有长长的直发。
—What does your sister look like?
—She is tall and thin, and she has long straight hair.

3. 露西的爸爸是足球队队长。
Lucy's father is the captain of the football team.

4. ——你认识那个短发的女孩吗?
——是的,我认识。
—Do you know that girl with short hair?
—Yes, I do.

5. 他喜欢卷而短的头发。
He likes short, curly hair.

6. 那个高个男孩戴着眼镜。
The tall boy wears glasses.

四、完形填空

There is a nice girl __1__ our class. She is in Row One. She is fourteen years __2__. She is neither __3__ nor short. She has a round face __4__ an apple. She has two big black eyes and a small nose. Her mouth is small, __5__ her ears are big. She __6__ short, blonde, curly hair. She likes __7__. She is often __8__ black. But today she is wearing a white coat, brown trousers and white shoes. She likes animals. But she has __9__ animals. She loves to tell __10__. She never stops talking. She is my good friend.

(A)1. A. in	B. on	C. of
(B)2. A. young	B. old	C. little
(B)3. A. long	B. tall	C. short
(B)4. A. look like	B. like	C. likes
(C)5. A. so	B. or	C. but
(C)6. A. have	B. is	C. has
(A)7. A. black	B. a black	C. the black
(C)8. A. wear	B. on	C. in
(A)9. A. no	B. no any	C. not a
(C)10. A. me	B. books	C. jokes

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课时笔记

▶1. 选择疑问句的用法

Is he tall or short? 是一个选择疑问句。选择疑问句是指提出两个或两个以上可能的答案供对方选择的句式。此类问句不能用 yes 或 no 来回答,要选择其中一项作答。or 意为“或者;否则;还是”。例如:

Do you want to go shopping or study at home?
你想去购物还是在家里学习?
Is that an apple or an orange?
那是一个苹果还是橘子?

▶2. be of... 的用法

be of medium height 表示“……有着中等身高”。“be of+age/size/color/weight/height/price/opinion/shape/kind/way 等名词”,表示“具有……”,用来说明主语的特征。例如:

The man is of strong build.
这个男人身材健硕。

课时3 Section B(1a-1e)

一、单项选择

1. He __C__ of medium height and he ____ blonde hair.
A. is; is B. has; has
C. is; has D. has; is

2. __B__ he of medium build?
A. Are B. Is
C. Does D. There is

3. He is not tall or short. That means he is of __A__ height.
A. medium B. tall
C. short D. heavy

4. She is good-looking __D__ brown hair. She ____ a red dress.
A. has; has B. with; in
C. has; wears D. with; wears
【解析】with brown hair"有着棕色的头发",介词短语作伴随状语;另外,wear"穿着"表示状态。

5. —What do you think __A__ the pants?
—The pants ____ too short.
A. of; are B. of; is
C. to; are D. over; is
【解析】What do you think of...? 是固定用法,用来问某人对某事物的看法;第二空主语为复数,应用 are。

6. He __B__ tall and he is ____ medium build.
A. has; of B. is; of
C. is; on

7. Our English teacher is of medium __C__ curly yellow hair.
A. high in B. tall at
C. height with D. height of
【解析】medium height 意为"中等个子",with 意为"具有"。

8. The mountain is as __B__ as 5,827 metres.
A. tall B. high C. height D. highly
【解析】句意为"这座山有5,827米高"。指人或细长物的高用 tall;形容山高用 high。height 为名词,指"高度",highly 用作副词,常指抽象意义"高度地"。as...as 中间接形容词或副词的原级。故选 B。

9. The young man has a few white __B__.
A. hair B. hairs C. the hair
【解析】hair"毛发;头发",常用作不可数名词,强调"一些不同颜色的头发"时,可用作可数名词。a few 用于修饰可数名词复数,故选 B。此句意为"那个年轻人长有几根白发"。

10. —I believe we've met before.
—No, __C__. I've never been here before.
A. it isn't the same B. it's true
C. I don't think so D. I believe so
【解析】由"我从没来过这儿"可知,设空处应表示否定含义。I don't think so. 意为"我不这样认为"。

二、根据汉语提示完成句子

1. She has a __medium build__ (中等身材) with long hair.
2. My grandfather loves to __watch TV__ (看电视).
3. She is my __favorite singer__ (最喜欢的歌手).
4. The boy has a __round face__ (圆脸).
5. The woman has __blonde/blond hair__ (金黄色的头发).

三、句型转换

1. Mary is short. She has long straight hair. (合并成一句)
Mary is short __with__ __long__ __straight__ hair.

2. Michael is tall and thin. (对画线部分提问)
__What__ __does__ Michael __look__ __like__?

3. David is not too fat or too thin. (改为同义句)
David is __of__ __medium__ __build__.

4. She does some reading at weekends. (改为否定句)
She __doesn't__ __do__ __any__ reading at weekends.

5. Johnny has blonde hair. (对画线部分提问)
__What__ __color__ hair __does__ Johnny have?

四、书面表达

写一段话介绍你的英语老师的外貌,要求不少于5句话。

__My English teacher is Miss Li. She looks young. I think she's about 25 years old. She is of medium height. She is a little bit thin. But she is good-looking. She has short, straight hair. Her eyes are big. She likes wearing white or grey clothes, but she often wears a red sweater and blue pants, too.__

课时笔记

▶1. glass 的用法
glass 意为"玻璃",表物质,是不可数名词,没有复数形式;此外,它还可指"玻璃杯",是可数名词,有复数形式。例如:
a glass of water 一杯水
【拓展】glasses 意为"眼镜",是复数名词,无单数。例如:
a pair of glasses 一副眼镜

▶2. 辨析:put on, wear 与 have on
(1)put on 意为"穿上,戴上",强调动作,是终止性动词短语,不能跟表示一段时间的状语连用。例如:
Mary put on her glasses to read the letter. 玛丽戴上眼镜看信。
(2) wear 是"穿着,戴着"的意思,强调状态。常用一般时态表示经常状态,用进行时态表示暂时状态,用完成时态表示动作所造成的结果。wear 还可用来表示佩戴手表、首饰、徽章以及留头发、胡须等。例如:
Lucy always wears brown shoes. 露西总是穿着棕色的鞋子。
(3)have on 意为"穿着,戴着",与 wear 同义,指穿的状态,其后可以接表示衣服、帽子、鞋子的名词。例如:
He has on a blue coat and grey trousers.
他穿着一件蓝上衣和一条灰裤子。

▶3. favorite 的用法
favorite 作形容词,意为"最喜欢的"。例如:
These are my favorite toys. 这些是我最喜欢的玩具。
Swimming is my favorite sport.
游泳是我最喜爱的运动。

课时 4 Section B(2a-3b)

一、单项选择

1. — What does your P. E. teacher look like?
— He __D__ tall and he ____ brown hair.
A. is; is B. has; is
C. has; has D. is; has
【解析】由 tall 可知,谓语动词用 be;描述某人留着什么样的头发,谓语动词用 have/has。在本句中,句子主语为第三人称单数,所以谓语动词分别是 is 和 has,即答案为 D。

2. Wang Lin __A__ very popular. He is the captain of the basketball team.
A. is B. are
C. has D. have
【解析】句意为“王林很受欢迎”。popular 是形容词,主语为单数,故用系动词 is。

3. Her hat is black. It __D__ a cat.
A. is B. likes
C. look like D. looks like
【解析】后句意为“它看起来像一只猫”。look like“看起来像”。

4. Remember __A__ your homework here tomorrow.
A. to bring B. to take
C. bring D. take
【解析】句意为“记住明天把你的作业带到这里”。故应用 remember to do sth。“把……带来”用 bring,故选 A。

5. His little sister __B__ glasses, and she likes the dog ____ two big ears.
A. wears; has B. wears; with
C. with; has D. has; with
【解析】此题主要考查动词和介词的用法。连词 and 连接两个并列结构,即前后为两个简单句,所以可推断前句横线上应填动词,“戴”眼镜动词应用 wear,主语为第三人称单数,故用 wears;后句用介词短语,作前面名词 dog 的定语,意为“有着两只大耳朵的狗”,表示特征,所以用 with,B 为正确答案。

二、用所给单词的适当形式填空

1. Jack __is__ (be) of medium build.
2. The famous __singer__ (sing) sings very well. We all love her.
3. My English teacher loves __telling/to tell__ (tell) jokes.
4. That is your __friend's__ (friend) bike. Please look after it.
5. That pair of glasses __looks__ (look) very nice.

三、根据答语写出问句

1. — __What does she look like?__
—She is tall and thin.
2. — __What does she do?__
—She is a doctor.
3. — __Does she live in Beijing?__
—Yes, she lives in Beijing.
4. — __What time does she get up?__
—She gets up at six in the morning.

四、用方框中所给单词的适当形式填空

very, scarf, home, friend, football, movie, much, show, book, listen

Alice is a very outgoing person. She spends a lot of time with her __1__. She loves to go to the __2__ and clubs. She also likes game __3__. She's __4__ popular. She likes sports very __5__, too, such as basketball, ping-pong and __6__. She doesn't like __7__, key rings, watches and so on. She doesn't like staying at __8__ alone very often. She can't stand reading many __9__. She doesn't like to __10__ to music, either. She is very active. As you can see, Alice is a very outgoing person.

1. __friends__ 2. __movies__ 3. __shows__ 4. __very__
5. __much__ 6. __football__ 7. __scarves__ 8. __home__
9. __books__ 10. __listen__

五、补全对话

A: I hear you have a new friend.
B: Yes. __1__
A: What does she look like?
B: __2__
A: Is she tall?
B: Yes. She's tall and thin.
A: Does she often wear glasses?
B: __3__
A: __4__ She often wears a yellow sweater and blue pants.
B: __5__ She's Betty.

A. She has long curly blonde hair.
B. She's from America.
C. I think I know her.
D. Yes, she does. And she can speak a little Chinese.
E. Yes, that's her.

1. __B__ 2. __A__ 3. __D__ 4. __C__ 5. __E__

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课时笔记

►1. talk to 的用法

talk to 意为“与……交谈”,后跟谈话的对象作宾语,介词 to 可用 with 代替。例如:
The boy often talks to/with others in English.
这个男孩经常用英语和别人交谈。
Don't talk to me about this.
不要跟我谈起这件事。

►2. first of all 的用法

first of all 为固定搭配,意为“首先”,强调次序,通常位于句首。例如:
First of all, let me introduce myself to you.
首先,让我向你们做个自我介绍。
First of all, we should study hard.
首先,我们应该努力学习。

课时5 Self Check

一、单项选择

1. —What is the __A__ of the mountain?
— It's 3 000 metres.
A. height B. high
C. highly D. heights
【解析】询问"……的高度是多少?"用 What's the height of...? 这一句型。

2. Your glasses __B__ over there. This pair of glasses ____ Tony's.
A. are; are B. are; is
C. is; is D. is; are
【解析】glasses"眼镜"为复数形式的名词,其后的谓语动词必须在"数"上与主语一致;第二个句子中的 glasses 因由 pair 修饰,所以句子的谓语形式也由 pair 来决定,即应为单数形式,所以本题正确答案应为 B。

3. I don't think he's so great, but my mom __B__.
A. do B. does
C. is D. are
【解析】为避免动词的重复,可用助动词 does,did 或 do 代替实义动词。后半句意为"但是我妈妈认为他了不起"。my mom 为第三人称单数,应用 does。

4. I like __C__ chess. How about you?
A. play B. plays
C. playing D. played
【解析】like doing sth 意为"喜欢做某事"。

5. —__D__?
—He is tall.
A. How is he
B. What does he like
C. What is he
D. What does he look like
【解析】由答句"他很高"可知问句应为"他长什么样子?",故选 D。

6. Some people think that CD-ROMs will soon be __D__ books.
A. as more popular as
B. the most popular than
C. so popular as
D. more popular than
【解析】句中提到了 CD-ROMs 与 books 两种事物,可以用同级比较,也可用比较级。同级比较:as popular as;比较级:more popular than。故选 D。

7. —__A__ does Clark look like?
—He is tall and has brown hair.
A. What B. How C. Who
【解析】答语中 is tall and has brown hair 意为"高个子且留着棕色的头发",是对人的外貌的描述,故问句应为 What does/do sb look like? 句型,故选 A。

8. —What do you think Tara is like?
—She used to be quiet, but she is quite __C__ now.
A. clever B. serious
C. outgoing
【解析】clever 意为"聪明的";serious 意为"严肃的";outgoing 意为"外向的"。问句问的是性格方面。由 used to 及 but 可知句意是表示今昔对比,"她过去是安静的,现在是外向的"。故选 C。

9. —Wow, so many new houses! I can't believe that. It used to be a poor village.
—Yes. __C__ has changed here.
A. Nothing B. Something
C. Everything D. Anything
【解析】由答语 yes 可知答句表示肯定;由上句内容可知,下句应用 everything,表示"一切"。

10. All Chinese middle school students in the countryside don't have to pay for school __A__.
A. any more B. no more
C. so far D. no longer
【解析】not...any more 与 no more, no longer 的意思相同,意为"不再……"。so far 意为"到目前为止",是现在完成时的标志。根据句式特点判断选 A。

二、根据汉语意思完成句子

1. 我不喜欢戴眼镜。
I don't like to __wear__ __glasses__.

2. 我认为他并不是一个好学生。
I __don't__ think he __is__ a good student.

3. 艾米是高个子,留着短发。
Amy is __tall__ and she __has__ __short__ __hair__.

4. 房间里没有人。
There __is__ __nobody__ in the room.

三、用方框中单词的适当形式填空

who, blonde, friendly, heavy, medium

1. She is beautiful. She has __blonde__ hair.
2. He's not short or tall; he is of __medium__ height.
3. —__Who__ will go to the cinema with you?
—My friend Li Ping.
4. My mother is __friendly__; everyone likes her.
5. I want to be thin; I am a little bit __heavy__.

四、补全对话(每空一词)

A: __1__ you know my cousin, Mary?
B: No. What does she __2__ like?
A: She __3__ straight and blonde __4__.
B: Is she __5__?
A: No, she's a __6__ bit fat.
B: __7__ she beautiful?
A: Yes, she is.
B: What does she __8__?
A: She is a doctor.
B: Do you like __9__?

A: Yes, very __10__.

1. __Do__ 2. __look__ 3. __has__ 4. __hair__
5. __thin__ 6. __little__ 7. __Is__ 8. __do__
9. __her__ 10. __much__

五、阅读理解

One day, Mr White sees a woman with her nine children in the street. He sees all the children are wearing the same clothes—red hats, white coats and black trousers.

"Are all these children yours?" he asks the woman.

"Yes, they are," says the woman.

"Do they always wear the same clothes?" asks Mr White. "Yes," answers the woman, "I have five boys and four girls now. I don't want to lose them. They have the same clothes. It is easy to see my children in the street."

1. One day, Mr White sees __B__ children in the street.
A. ten B. nine C. eleven
2. The children wear __C__ clothes.
A. different B. nice C. the same
3. Are they all the woman's children? __A__
A. Yes, they are.
B. No, they aren't.
C. I don't think so.
4. The children wear the same clothes because __B__.
A. the woman likes the same clothes
B. the woman can see her children easily
C. the children look the same
5. The woman has __A__ now.
A. five boys and four girls
B. eight girls
C. nine boys

中考考题在线 ZHONGKAOKAOTIZAIXIAN

一、单项选择

1. It's cold outside. __A__ your sweater before you go out.
A. Put on B. Turn on
C. Put up D. Give up

【解析】考查动词词组辨析。put on 意为"穿上";turn on 意为"打开";put up 意为"张贴";give up 意为"放弃"。句意为:"外面很冷。出去之前穿上你的毛衣。"故选 A。

2. (四川资阳中考·2015)—Excuse me, madam. Could you please tell me __B__ the bus arrives?
—Sure. At 9:00.
A. where B. when
C. why D. how

【解析】考查宾语从句的引导词。句意为:"打扰一下,女士。请问你能告诉我公共汽车什么时候到达吗?""当然可以。9点。"where 意为"哪里";when 意为"什么时候";why 意为"为什么";how 意为"如何"。根据答语可知问句是在询问时间。故选 B。

3. (山东德州中考·2014) Don't ask him to study too late into night. __B__, he is only a child.
A. As a result B. After all
C. On earth D. For example

【解析】考查短语辨析。as a result 意为"结果,因此";after all 意为"毕竟",用于解释或说明理由;on earth 意为"究竟";for example 意为"例如"。句意为:"不要要求他学习到深夜。毕竟,他还是个孩子。"故选 B。

4. (四川凉山中考·2015)—The fish tastes __A__, we have eaten it up.
—It is certain that she cooked it _____.
A. good; well B. well; good
C. well; well D. good; good

【解析】考查形容词与副词混合辨析。good 作形容词,意为"好的",well 作副词,意为"好"。taste 为系动词,后面应跟形容词;cook 为动词,应用副词修饰。故选 A。

5. (四川南充中考·2015) Everyone is born __C__ the ability to learn.
A. at B. on C. with D. in

【解析】考查介词辨析。句意为:"每个人天生就具备学习的能力。"with 表示"具有,带有"。故选 C。

6. (云南昆明中考·2014)—__B__?
—He is of medium build and has straight hair.
A. What does his uncle do
B. What does his uncle look like
C. What can his uncle do
D. What is his uncle doing

【解析】考查情景交际。由答语"他中等身材,留直发"可知问句询问某人的长相。故选 B。A 项表示"他的叔叔正在做什么",C 项表示"他的叔叔能做什么",D 项表示"他的叔叔做什么"。

二、根据句意及汉语提示完成单词

1. (福建漳州中考·2014) Kate is a __tall__ (高的) girl with a round face.
2. (山东滨州中考·2014) Mary has curly hair and she is of medium __height__ (高度).
3. (新疆阜康、米泉中考·2014) This skirt doesn't fit me, please give me __another__ (又一的) one.